



Mermaid Slime Party

Mermaid Party Activity Plan:

Welcome Each Girl

Ice Breaker—Have each girl introduce themselves, and say “I am a magical mermaid because...(and then fill in the blank with something that is special about them!)”

Get to Know Girl Scouts

Talk to the girls about Girl Scouts. Have your troop members share some information about what Girl Scouts do, and why they might want to join!

- What is Girl Scouts?
- What do you love about being a Girl Scout?
- What are some of your favorite things to do with your troop?
- Show pictures and badges, souvenirs, projects

Make Mermaid Slime!

Give each girl a container, spoon, and show them how to make mermaid slime. Talk about the steps and math and science connections, like measuring!

<https://www.simpleeverydaymom.com/mermaid-slime-recipe/>

(We are adjusting the recipe to do a 1/2 cup glue per girl)

Play some Mermaid Games!

*(*optional if time allows)*

- **Ocean charades:** Have the girls act out ocean/water themed words (or have older Girl Scouts take the lead and act out words like Starfish, Whale, Swimming, Surfing, etc. for the younger girls to guess).
- **Mermaid Says:** Simon says—but, Mermaid Says, of course!

Wrap Up:

Get the girls into a large friendship circle and teach the girls the Promise and the Girl Scout sign and let them know that these are special things only Girl Scouts do—so you hope they will join Girl Scouts too! Have each girl tell you something they would like to do in Girl Scouts.

Have your Troop Leaders talk to the parents about options for joining. Is there a Daisy troop at school already available to join? Would the parent be interested in leading a troop? Have your leaders talk about her experience, and what its like to lead a troop. Share camp info too! Have the parents fill out a paper registration form and collect payment or complete a lead form—(your staff member will let you know what to do for this.)



Dive into Adventure at Our Mermaid Party!

**This is your chance to dive into
the fun with Girl Scouts!**

**Join us for a magical, under-the-sea
adventure where you'll:**

- Help save the planet with ocean science
- Create a shimmering saltwater work of art
- Grow your very own mermaid garden
- Bring a friend, make new ones—it's all FREE!

Parents & caregivers, you're invited too!

Come learn how Girl Scouts helps girls grow in
confidence, curiosity, and creativity.

RSVP and get more info at
[council site customizable]

Or call[customizable] at
[phone number customizable]

**Don't miss this chance to explore,
create, and connect, Girl Scouts is
where the adventure begins!**

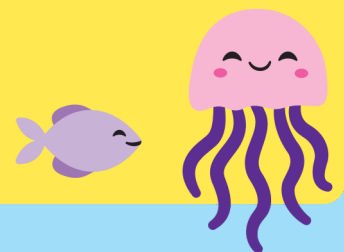
girl scouts
of virginia skyline

[Date Customizable]

[XX-XXpm]

[Location Customizable]

[Address, City, State Customizable]





Saltwater Ocean Art

- 1 Take your watercolor paper, and draw waves with white or light blue crayon.
- 2 Paint over the entire paper with the blue watercolor paint. Use lots of water. You may want to paint in a cake pan, or on a tray to keep things neat!
- 3 While the paint is still very wet, sprinkle salt all over the paint. Watch the cool reaction and designs it makes, as the salt absorbs the paint!
- 4 Now, paint your whale. When it's dry, cut it out and glue it onto your ocean.
- 5 Look at the awesome saltwater underwater scene you have created!



Saltwater Ocean Art

- 1 Take your watercolor paper, and draw waves with white or light blue crayon.
- 2 Paint over the entire paper with the blue watercolor paint. Use lots of water. You may want to paint in a cake pan, or on a tray to keep things neat!
- 3 While the paint is still very wet, sprinkle salt all over the paint. Watch the cool reaction and designs it makes, as the salt absorbs the paint!
- 4 Now, paint your whale. When it's dry, cut it out and glue it onto your ocean.
- 5 Look at the awesome saltwater underwater scene you have created!



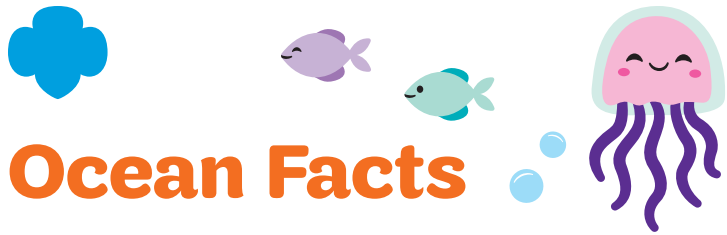
Saltwater Ocean Art

- 1 Take your watercolor paper, and draw waves with white or light blue crayon.
- 2 Paint over the entire paper with the blue watercolor paint. Use lots of water. You may want to paint in a cake pan, or on a tray to keep things neat!
- 3 While the paint is still very wet, sprinkle salt all over the paint. Watch the cool reaction and designs it makes, as the salt absorbs the paint!
- 4 Now, paint your whale. When it's dry, cut it out and glue it onto your ocean.
- 5 Look at the awesome saltwater underwater scene you have created!



Saltwater Ocean Art

- 1 Take your watercolor paper, and draw waves with white or light blue crayon.
- 2 Paint over the entire paper with the blue watercolor paint. Use lots of water. You may want to paint in a cake pan, or on a tray to keep things neat!
- 3 While the paint is still very wet, sprinkle salt all over the paint. Watch the cool reaction and designs it makes, as the salt absorbs the paint!
- 4 Now, paint your whale. When it's dry, cut it out and glue it onto your ocean.
- 5 Look at the awesome saltwater underwater scene you have created!



Ocean Facts

 Oceans are made up of saltwater. People cannot drink salt water, but we now have technology that can remove the salt so people could drink it.

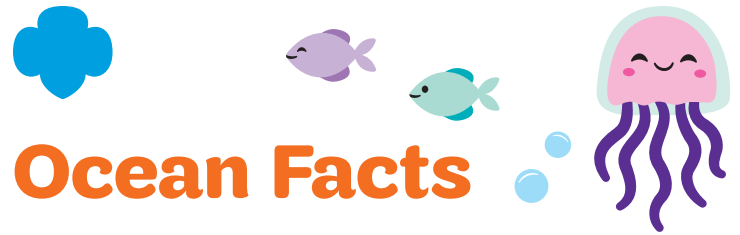
 Things (and people and animals too!) float much easier in salt water, because it is more dense than fresh water. 

 Oceans cover over 70% of the earth's surface!

 Only 5% of the world's oceans have been explored by humans! 

 Scientists estimate that about one million species of animals live in the oceans. Most are invertebrates, which means animals with no backbone, like a jellyfish. Many are so tiny you can only see them under a microscope! 

 The largest mammal on earth lives in the ocean. It's the Blue Whale. It can weigh 400,000 pounds! That is as much as 33 elephants!



Ocean Facts

 Oceans are made up of saltwater. People cannot drink salt water, but we now have technology that can remove the salt so people could drink it.

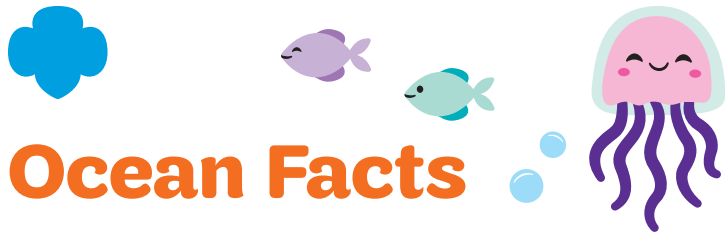
 Things (and people and animals too!) float much easier in salt water, because it is more dense than fresh water. 

 Oceans cover over 70% of the earth's surface!

 Only 5% of the world's oceans have been explored by humans! 

 Scientists estimate that about one million species of animals live in the oceans. Most are invertebrates, which means animals with no backbone, like a jellyfish. Many are so tiny you can only see them under a microscope! 

 The largest mammal on earth lives in the ocean. It's the Blue Whale. It can weigh 400,000 pounds! That is as much as 33 elephants!



Ocean Facts

 Oceans are made up of saltwater. People cannot drink salt water, but we now have technology that can remove the salt so people could drink it.

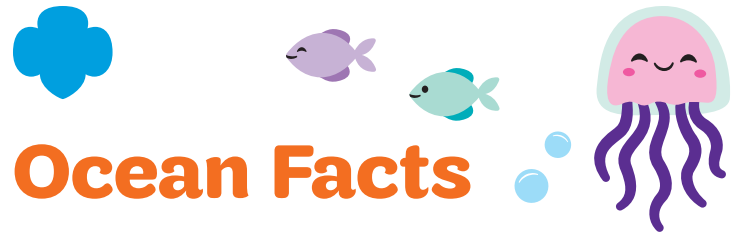
 Things (and people and animals too!) float much easier in salt water, because it is more dense than fresh water. 

 Oceans cover over 70% of the earth's surface!

 Only 5% of the world's oceans have been explored by humans! 

 Scientists estimate that about one million species of animals live in the oceans. Most are invertebrates, which means animals with no backbone, like a jellyfish. Many are so tiny you can only see them under a microscope! 

 The largest mammal on earth lives in the ocean. It's the Blue Whale. It can weigh 400,000 pounds! That is as much as 33 elephants!



Ocean Facts

 Oceans are made up of saltwater. People cannot drink salt water, but we now have technology that can remove the salt so people could drink it.

 Things (and people and animals too!) float much easier in salt water, because it is more dense than fresh water. 

 Oceans cover over 70% of the earth's surface!

 Only 5% of the world's oceans have been explored by humans! 

 Scientists estimate that about one million species of animals live in the oceans. Most are invertebrates, which means animals with no backbone, like a jellyfish. Many are so tiny you can only see them under a microscope! 

 The largest mammal on earth lives in the ocean. It's the Blue Whale. It can weigh 400,000 pounds! That is as much as 33 elephants!



Help our Mermaid

Grow her spring garden!



Make a flower seed ball

- Tissue Paper
- Seeds
- Water
- Bowl



Steps



- Take your large piece of tissue paper, and cut or tear about 1/4 of the sheet off, and put it aside.
- Now, take the rest of your sheet, and rip it into tiny pieces (1 inch square or less).
- Put your shredded pieces into a bowl.
- Dump your seed packet into the bowl.
- Add water, about 1 teaspoon at a time, until the tissue is soaked, but not submerged.
- Squish it around with your hands until the tissue is sticky. Roll the tissue mixture into a ball.
- Now, take your dry tissue that you set aside, and wrap a large piece around the seed ball, gathering it at the top. Twist the top to seal.
- Set it aside to dry.
- When the growing season arrives (typically mid-may) you can bury your seed ball outside. Check the area regularly, and water when needed. Do any flowers grow?



Help our Mermaid

Grow her spring garden!



Make a flower seed ball

- Tissue Paper
- Seeds
- Water
- Bowl



Steps



- Take your large piece of tissue paper, and cut or tear about 1/4 of the sheet off, and put it aside.
- Now, take the rest of your sheet, and rip it into tiny pieces (1 inch square or less).
- Put your shredded pieces into a bowl.
- Dump your seed packet into the bowl.
- Add water, about 1 teaspoon at a time, until the tissue is soaked, but not submerged.
- Squish it around with your hands until the tissue is sticky. Roll the tissue mixture into a ball.
- Now, take your dry tissue that you set aside, and wrap a large piece around the seed ball, gathering it at the top. Twist the top to seal.
- Set it aside to dry.
- When the growing season arrives (typically mid-may) you can bury your seed ball outside. Check the area regularly, and water when needed. Do any flowers grow?



Help our Mermaid

Grow her spring garden!

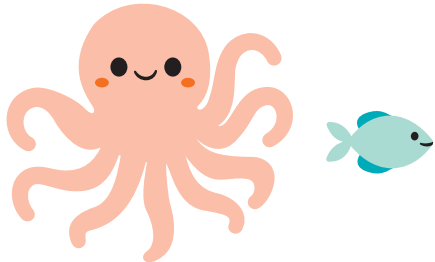
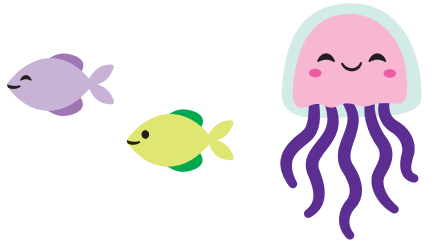
Science experiment:

What do plants need to grow?

- Pinto bean seed
- Sandwich bag
- Paper towel or Napkin
- Water

Steps

- Take your napkin, and fold it in half.
- Sprinkle water on it, making sure it is very damp but not soaking.
- Place bean seed in the bag, on top of the paper towel and close the bag.
- Follow these same steps for your second seed.
- Now—Place one bag in a warm sunny window, and the other in a darker spot, away from a window.
- Each day, check on your seed.
- The plant should be growing it's roots. Usually, these grow in the soil underground, so we can't see them. Roots help gather water and nutrients from the soil, and help keep the plant safe in the ground.
- When your bean begins to sprout, after about two weeks, plant it in soil. Eventually, you will have a bean plant to enjoy.



Help our Mermaid

Grow her spring garden!

Science experiment:

What do plants need to grow?

- Pinto bean seed
- Sandwich bag
- Paper towel or Napkin
- Water

Steps

- Take your napkin, and fold it in half.
- Sprinkle water on it, making sure it is very damp but not soaking.
- Place bean seed in the bag, on top of the paper towel and close the bag.
- Follow these same steps for your second seed.
- Now—Place one bag in a warm sunny window, and the other in a darker spot, away from a window.
- Each day, check on your seed.
- The plant should be growing it's roots. Usually, these grow in the soil underground, so we can't see them. Roots help gather water and nutrients from the soil, and help keep the plant safe in the ground.
- When your bean begins to sprout, after about two weeks, plant it in soil. Eventually, you will have a bean plant to enjoy.

